

Page 1 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012

PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML

Art.: 2586

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Additives

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LIQUI MOLY GmbH, Jerg-Wieland-Straße 4, D-89081 Ulm-Lehr Telephone (+49) 0731-1420-0, Fax (+49) 0731-1420-88

E-mail address of the competent person: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de

1.4 Emergency telephone

Advisory office in case of poisoning:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

Tel.: (+49) 0731-1420-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Not determined

2.1.2 Classification according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments).

Flammable, R10

N, Dangerous for the environment, R51-53

Xn, Harmful, R65

R66 R67

2.2 Label elements

2.2.1 Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Not determined

2.2.2 Labeling according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments).





Symbols: Xn/N Indications of danger:

Harmful

Dangerous for the environment

R-phrases: 10 Flammable.



Page 2 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016

Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

S-phrases:

(2) Keep out of the reach of children.

23 Do not breathe vapour.

29/56 Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Additions:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

n.a. **3.2 Mixture**

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-	
25%)	
Registration number (REACH)	
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	919-446-0 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	CAS
content %	80-100
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC.	Flammable, R10
	Dangerous for the environment, N, R51
	Dangerous for the environment, R53
	Harmful, Xn, R65
	R66
	R67
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 3, H226
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
	STOT SE 3, H336
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119456620-43-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	926-141-6 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	CAS
content %	1-5
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC.	Harmful, Xn, R65
	R66
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119463583-34-XXXX
Index	
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	918-811-1 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	(64742-94-5)
content %	1-5



Page 3 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016

Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC.	Dangerous for the environment, N, R51-53 Harmful, Xn, R65 R66 R67
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Naphthalene	
Registration number (REACH)	
Index	601-052-00-2
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	202-049-5
CAS	CAS 91-20-3
content %	0,1-<1
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC.	Harmful, Xn, R22
	Carcinogen, R40, Carc.Cat.3
	Dangerous for the environment, N, R50
	Dangerous for the environment, R53
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Sol. 1, H228
	Acute Tox. 4, H302
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319
	Carc. 2, H351
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

For the text of the R-phrases / H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Respiratory arrest - Artificial respiration apparatus necessary.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

Danger of aspiration

In case of vomiting, keep head low so that the stomach content does not reach the lungs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

The following may occur:

Irritation of the eyes

Irritation of the respiratory tract

Headaches

Dizziness

Effects/damages the central nervous system

Coordination disorders

Unconsciousness

Liver and kidney damage Blood count modifications

Nausea



Page 4 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Vomiting

Danger of aspiration Oedema of the lungs

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Inaestion:

Activated carbon

Gastric lavage (stomach washing) only under endotracheal intubation.

Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media

CO₂

Extinction powder

Foam

Water jet spray

Cool container at risk with water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Hydrocarbons

Toxic pyrolysis products.

Explosive vapour/air mixture

Dangerous vapours heavier than air.

In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping

6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent) and dispose of according to Section 13. Ensure sufficient ventilation.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations



Page 5 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Ensure good ventilation.

Avoid inhalation of the vapours.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke. Do not heat to temperatures close to flash point. Take precautions against electrostatic charges.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Do not carry cleaning cloths soaked in product in trouser pockets.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Solvent resistant floor

Do not store with oxidizing agents.

Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.

Observe special storage conditions (in Germany, e.g., in accordance with the regulations in the "Betriebssicherheitsverordnung").

Store in a well ventilated place.

Protect from direct sunlight and warming.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40): 300 mg/m3

Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C9-	Content %:80- 100				
WEL-TWA: 300 mg/m3 (AGW)		WEL-STEL:	2(II) (AGW)			
BMGV:			, , ,	Other information:	-	
Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C11	-C14, n-alkane	es, isoalkanes, cyc	lics, < 2% aromatics		Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 1200 mg/m3 (>=C7 no	rmal and branched	WEL-STEL:	2(II) (AGW)			
chain alkanes)						
BMGV:				Other information:	-	
Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C10), aromatics, <1	% naphthalene			Content %:1-5
WEL-TWA: 500 mg/m3 (Aromatics	s)	WEL-STEL:				
BMGV:				Other information:	-	
Chemical Name	Naphthalene					Content %:0,1-<1
WEL-TWA: 10 ppm (50 mg/m3) (E	C)	WEL-STEL:				
BMGV:				Other information:	=	

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)



Page 6 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016

Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	330	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	44	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	71	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	26	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	26	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term	DNEL	570	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term	DNEL	570	mg/m3	

Hydrocarbons, C10, aron	natics, <1% naphthalene					
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term	DNEL	12,5	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term	DNEL	151	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term	DNEL	7,5	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term	DNEL	32	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term	DNEL	7,5	mg/kg bw/day	

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn. Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Solvent resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

If applicable

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments)

Respiratory protection:

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.



Page 7 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents. Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Colour: Light yellow Colour: Clear Odour: Characteristic Odour threshold: Not determined

pH-value: n.a.

Melting point/freezing point: Not determined Initial boiling point and boiling range: 145 °C 41 °C Flash point: Evaporation rate: Not determined

Flammability (solid, gas): Not determined Lower explosive limit: 0,6 Vol-% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy) Upper explosive limit: 7 Vol-% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy) Vapour pressure: 3 hPa (20°C, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)

Vapour density (air = 1): Vapours heavier than air.

Density: 0,796 g/ml (15°C) Bulk density: Not determined Solubility(ies): Not determined Water solubility: Insoluble Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined

235 °C (Ignition temperature Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized Auto-ignition temperature:

heavy)

Decomposition temperature: Not determined Viscosity: <7 mm2/s (40°C) Explosive properties: Not determined Oxidising properties: Not determined

9.2 Other information

Miscibility: Not determined Fat solubility / solvent: Not determined Conductivity: Not determined Surface tension: Not determined Solvents content: Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No decomposition if used as intended.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

10.5 Incompatible materials

See also section 7.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.



®

Page 8 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Toxicity/effect	Endpoin t	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Respiratory tract irritation:						n.d.a.
Repeated dose toxicity:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other toxicity data:						Classification accord to calculation proced

Toxicity/effect	Endpoin	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>14	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Negative Benzene content: <0,1%
Specific target organ toxicity -						May cause drowsiness o
single exposure (STOT-SE):						dizziness.
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						drying of the skin., headaches, nausea, respiratory distress, burning of the membranes of the nose and throat, coughing, fever, ear noises, hearing problems, dizziness, unconsciousness, dizziness

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics



Page 9 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Toxicity/effect	Endpoin t	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	> 5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5000	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion (8 h)
Skin corrosion/irritation:					OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Analogous conclusion, Drying of the skin., Dermatitis (skin inflammation)
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Analogous conclusion, Slightly irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:					OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising (Analogous conclusion)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Analogous conclusion, Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity (in vivo):						Negative
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicit y Studies)	Analogous conclusion, Negative
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Analogous conclusion, Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						Analogous conclusion, No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):					OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	Analogous conclusion, Not to be expected
Aspiration hazard:						Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
Respiratory tract irritation:						Analogous conclusion, No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						drying of the skin., headaches, fatigue, dizziness, nausea

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoin	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
	t					
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Repeated exposure may
						cause skin dryness or
						cracking.
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						dizziness, headaches,
						drowsiness, dizziness

Naphthalene								
Toxicity/effect	Endpoin	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes		
	t							
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	490	mg/kg	Rat				
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit				
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>340	mg/m3	Rat		1h		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Mild irritant, Does not		
						conform with EU		
						classification.		



Page 10 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016

Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Serious eye damage/irritation:	Intensively irritant, Does not conform with EU classification.
Symptoms:	lack of appetite, ataxia, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, diarrhoea, cornea opacity, headaches, cramps, gastrointestinal disturbances, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

PETROL ADDITIVE 300	ML							
Art.: 2586								
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes	
Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.	
Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.	
Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.	
Persistence and							Isolate as much as	
degradability:							possible with an oil	
-							separator.	
Bioaccumulative							n.d.a.	
potential:								
Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.	
Results of PBT and							n.d.a.	
vPvB assessment								
Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.	
Other ecotoxicological							According to the recipe,	
data:							contains no AOX.	

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)									
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes		
Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NO		>0,1-	mg/l					
	EL		<1	_					
Toxicity to fish:	LC50		1-<10	mg/l					
Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NO		>0,1-	mg/l					
	EL		<1	_					
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50		1-<10	mg/l					
Toxicity to algae:	IC50		1-<10	mg/l					
Persistence and							Readily biodegradable		
degradability:									
Bioaccumulative	Log Pow		3,7-6,7						
potential:									
Results of PBT and							No PBT substance, No		
vPvB assessment							vPvB substance		
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		>100	mg/l					
Other ecotoxicological							Does not contain any		
data:							organically bound		
							halogens which can		
							contribute to the AOX		
							value in waste water.		

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics									
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes		
Toxicity to fish:	LL0	96h	1000	mg/l	(Oncorhynchus				
					mykiss)				
Toxicity to daphnia:	EL0	48h	1000	mg/l	(Daphnia magna)				



(B)

Page 11 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016

Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Toxicity to algae:	EL0	72h	1000	mg/l	(Pseudokirchneriell a subcapitata)		
Persistence and degradability:		28d	69	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		6-8			·	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene									
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes		
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	2-5	mg/l					
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	3-10	mg/l					
Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	1-3	mg/l					
Persistence and		28d	49,6	%		OECD 301 F			
degradability:						(Ready			
						Biodegradability -			
						Manometric			
						Respirometry			
						Test)			

Naphthalene									
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes		
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1,6	mg/l			Does not conform with EU classification.		
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	1,96	mg/l	(Daphnia magna)		Does not conform with EU classification.		
Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		>100						
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		3,3						

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

Soaked polluted cloths, paper or other organic materials represent a fire hazard and should be controlled, collected and disposed of. EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be

allocated under certain circumstances. (2001/118/EC, 2001/119/EC, 2001/573/EC)

07 07 04 other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

Recommendation:

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Implement substance recycling.

E.g. suitable incineration plant.

Do not dispose of with household waste.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

UN number: 3295



Page 12 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

UN proper shipping name:

UN 3295 HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Transport hazard class(es):

Packing group:

Classification code:

LQ (ADR 2011):

LQ (ADR 2009):

7

Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous

Tunnel restriction code:

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

UN proper shipping name:

HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY)

Transport hazard class(es):

Packing group:

EmS:

Marine Pollutant:

3

III

F-E, S-D

Yes

Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous

Transport by air (IATA)

UN proper shipping name: Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s. Transport hazard class(es):

Transport hazard class(es):

Packing group:

III

Environmental hazards: Not applicable

Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained. All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2.

Observe restrictions: Yes

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations. Observe youth employment law (German regulation).

Observe law on protection of expectant mothers (German regulation).

VOC (1999/13/EC): ~ 96 % w/w

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Revised sections: 2, 3, 8, 11, 12

The following statements are the indicated R-phrases / H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP) for the ingredients (listed in Section 3).

10 Flammable.

40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

50 Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

51 Toxic to aquatic organisms.

53 May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

22 Harmful if swallowed.













Page 13 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H228 Flammable solid. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Flam. Liq.-Flammable liquid

Asp. Tox.-Aspiration hazard

STOT SE-Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Aquatic Chronic-Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Flam. Sol.-Flammable solid Acute Tox.-Acute toxicity - oral

Skin Irrit.-Skin irritation Eye Irrit.-Eye irritation

Carc.-Carcinogenicity

Aquatic Acute-Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the

International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)

BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol) BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)

BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques

CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

COD Chemical oxygen demand

CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon
DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration

DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
EEA European Economic Area
EEC European Economic Community



Page 14 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016 Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012 PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ΕN European Norms

FPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ERC Environmental Release Categories

ES Exposure scenario

etc. et cetera European Union EU

EWC European Waste Catalogue

Fax. Fax number gen. general

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

GWP Global warming potential

HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC Intermediate Bulk Container IBC (Code)

International Bulk Chemical (Code)

Inhibitory concentration IC

IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

including, inclusive incl.

IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database

lethal concentration LC

LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill LCLo lowest published lethal concentration

Lethal Dose of a chemical LD LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill LDLo Lethal Dose Low

LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration

LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level

Limited Quantities LQ

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

n.a. not applicable not available n.av. not checked n.c. no data available

NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)

NOAECNo Observed Adverse Effective Concentration

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level NOFC No Observed Effect Concentration NOEL No Observed Effect Level

ODP Ozone Depletion Potential

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

organic org.

PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic Chemical product category PC

PΕ Polyethylene

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential

parts per million ppm PROC Process category PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene

REACHRegistration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration,

Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)

Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

Structure Activity Relationship SAR

SU Sector of use

SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

Telephone Tel.

ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand



Page 15 of 15

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

Revised on / Version: 12.03.2012 / 0016

Replaces revision of / Version: 13.02.2012 / 0015

Valid from: 12.03.2012

PDF print date: 13.03.2012

PETROL ADDITIVE 300ML Art.: 2586

Total organic carbon

TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances) VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))

VOC Volatile organic compounds

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).

WHO World Health Organization

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

These statements were made by: Chemical Check GmbH, Wöbbeler Straße 2-4, D-32839 Steinheim, Tel.: +49 5233 94 17 0, Fax: +49 5233 94 17 90

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{G}}$ by Chemical Check GmbH Gefahrstoffberatung. The copying or changing of this document is forbidden except with consent of the Chemical Check GmbH Gefahrstoffberatung.